МІНІСТЕРСТВО ОСВІТИ ТА НАУКИ УКРАЇНИ МІНІСТЕРСТВО ОХОРОНИ ЗДОРОВ'Я УКРАЇНИ ЗАПОРІЗЬКИЙ ДЕРЖАВНИЙ МЕДИЧНИЙ УНІВЕРСИТЕТ

ВСЕУКРАЇНСЬКА НАУКОВО-ПРАКТИЧНА КОНФЕРЕНЦІЯ МОЛОДИХ ВЧЕНИХ ТА СТУДЕНТІВ

«ЗДОБУТКИ ТЕОРЕТИЧНОЇ МЕДИЦИНИ — В ПРАКТИКУ ОХОРОНИ ЗДОРОВ'Я»

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CONTROL LOCUS COMPARISON IN HSEEU "UMSA" STUDENTS FROM IRAQ, IRAN, EGYPT AND JORDAN DEPENDENTLY ON THEIR TEMPERAMENT TYPE

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The work aim: to assess and to compare control locus in HSEEU "UMSA" students from Iraq, Iran and Jordan and to find its dependence on temperament type. We used survey for control locus assessment and Eysenk's questionnaire for temperament type determining.

Students from Jordan possessed maximal control internal locus, Iranian students were middle by control internal locus and Iraqi students had minimal rate of this control locus while control external locus was practically in equal extent in the students from these countries except Egypt. Egyptians possessed maximal level of control external locus and did not have internal locus at all.

As a whole cholerics from all mentioned countries possessed control internal locus except the Egyptians. Sanguinics from Iran and Egypt possessed control external locus, from Jordan -50% possessed internal and 50% external locus of control, from Iraq -10% possessed internal and 90% possessed external control locus. We did not have phlegmatics in the given students group. As for melancholics, all of them possessed control external locus.

These data testify that there is dependence between control locus type and temperament and difference between different countries that can give an interest in differential psychophysiology and differential psychology.

ОСОБЕННОСТИ ПОВЕРХНОСТНОЙ И ГЛУБОКОЙ ЧУВСТВИТЕЛЬНОСТИ У СТУДЕНТОВ ИЗ ИРАКА В ЗАВИСИМОСТИ ОТ ПОЛА

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Целью работы было изучение поверхностной и глубокой чувствительности у студентов из Ирака в зависимости от пола. Методы исследования: пробы «тупо-остро», на дискриминационную